

The Effects of Agricultural Adaptation on Food Security

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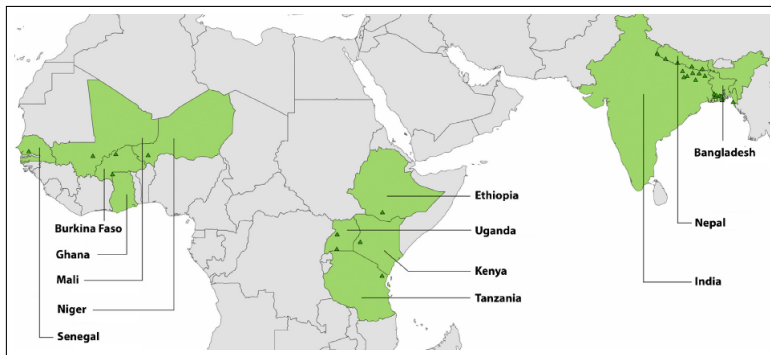
Alberta Agricultural Economics Association
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- Farmers in rural areas of developing economies deal with numerous uncertainties
- These farmers, while poor, are clever and do the best they can to maximize their welfare
 - Poor but rational (e.g. Schultz, *JPE* 1980)
- Farmers adapt to change
 - They make adjustments in human systems in response to actual or expected changes which moderates harm or exploits beneficial opportunities (adapted from IPCC 2007)

- Intuitively, agricultural adaptation is frequently assumed to be welfare improving
- Large literature about the drivers of adaptation (e.g. Di Falco, *Eur Review Ag Econ* 2014)
- Smaller literature on estimating benefits from adaptation
 - Why? Maybe because it is empirically challenging
 - Adaptation affects welfare, but welfare also affects adaptation
 - Adaptation is endogenous in welfare regressions

Contribution

- We contribute to the literature that estimates benefits from adaptation by looking at food security
- We use an IV approach to estimate the effect of agricultural adaptation on food security
 - IV: Adaptation levels of neighbour networks
- External Validity
 - While most of the literature focuses on localized studies, our paper uses data from 3 major food insecure regions of the world (Lobell, *Science* 2008)
 - East Africa
 - West Africa
 - South Asia



Source: Wood et al. 2014, *GEC*

- Source: Climate Change, Agriculture, Food Security research program (CCAFS)
- Survey data of 2,095 households collected from late 2010 to early 2011
- 3 regions, 12 countries, 15 sites, 108 villages

Measuring Food Security (FS)

- Households were asked:
“identify in which months in a typical year you tend to struggle to find sufficient food, or experience shortages to feed your family”.
- We count the number of months they are food secure
- Food Security measure:
the number of food secure days

Measuring Adaptation

- Households were asked:
“what changes have you made to your farming practices over the last 10 years?”
 - 46 possible changes
 - Examples: introduced new variety of crops, introduced intercropping, started irrigating, stopped burning, etc.
- Adaptation measure:
the sum of farming practices that the household has changed w.r.t. any one of their three main crops

Summary Stats: Food Secure Days

Region	Country	Site	Mean	Std Dev
East Africa	Ethiopia	Borana	164	80
	Kenya	Nyando	303	21
	Kenya	Makueni	178	66
	Tanzania	Usambara	199	70
	Uganda	Albertine Rift	285	85
	Uganda	Kagera Basini	243	73
<i>Region Total</i>			<i>228</i>	<i>87</i>
West Africa	Ghana	Lawra	227	50
	Burkina Faso	Yatenga	245	69
	Mali	Segou	334	33
	Niger	Kollo	248	59
	Senegal	Kaffrine	289	31
<i>Region Total</i>			<i>269</i>	<i>64</i>
South Asia	Bangladesh	Bagerhat	258	115
	India	Bihar	287	96
	India	Haryana	358	18
	Nepal	Midwestern Terrai	330	63
<i>Region Total</i>			<i>308</i>	<i>90</i>

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Summary Stats: Adaptation (No of activities changed)

Region	Country	Site	Mean	Std Dev
East Africa	Ethiopia	Borana	4	4
	Kenya	Nyando	11	4
	Kenya	Makueni	17	5
	Tanzania	Usambara	13	5
	Uganda	Albertine Rift	6	5
	Uganda	Kagera Basini	8	5
<i>Region Total</i>			<i>10</i>	<i>6</i>
West Africa	Ghana	Lawra	11	5
	Burkina Faso	Yatenga	10	6
	Mali	Segou	4	3
	Niger	Kollo	7	4
	Senegal	Kaffrine	10	3
<i>Region Total</i>			<i>9</i>	<i>5</i>
South Asia	Bangladesh	Bagerhat	3	3
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Summary Stats: Control Variables

	mean	std dev
ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND HUMAN CAPITAL		
<i>Access to weather information</i>	0.779	0.415
<i>Membership in farming association(s)</i>	0.447	0.497
<i>Highest level of education attained is primary</i>	0.435	0.496
<i>Highest level of education attained is secondary</i>	0.310	0.463
<i>Highest level of education attained is post-secondary</i>	0.128	0.334
FINANCE		
<i>Access to agricultural credit</i>	0.144	0.352
<i>Bank account</i>	0.221	0.415
<i>Cash from the government</i>	0.216	0.412
<i>Income from non-farm employment</i>	0.691	0.462
<i>Income from renting out land or machinery</i>	0.136	0.343
ASSETS		
<i>Count of production-related assets</i>	0.732	1.288
<i>Count of nonproduction-related assets</i>	2.402	1.659
<i>Livestock</i>	0.906	0.293
<i>Motorcycle</i>	0.186	0.390
<i>Car or truck</i>	0.032	0.176
<i>Boat</i>	0.007	0.085

Summary Stats: Control Variables (cont)

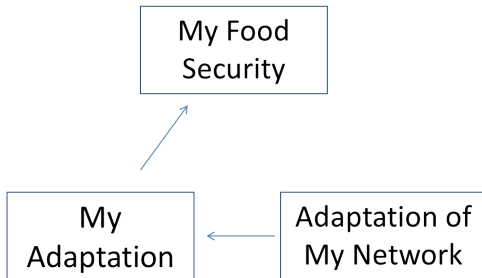
	mean	std dev
FARM AND HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS		
<i>Running water</i>	0.095	0.294
<i>Storage facility for crops</i>	0.217	0.412
<i>Planted trees</i>	0.452	0.498
<i>Farm size</i>	1.920	7.630
<i>Household size</i>	10.36	6.111
<i>Female-headed</i>	0.126	0.332
FARMING AND CRISIS EXPERIENCE		
<i>Farming experience is at least ten years</i>	0.935	0.246
<i>Experienced climate crisis in the last five years</i>	0.721	0.449
STATED REASONS FOR ADAPTATION		
<i>Market conditions</i>	0.673	0.469
<i>Climate variability</i>	0.522	0.500
<i>Pests and disease</i>	0.290	0.454
<i>Government/NGO intervention</i>	0.154	0.361
<i>Labor availability</i>	0.439	0.496
<i>Land productivity</i>	0.507	0.500

$$FS_{i,v} = \alpha + \beta \text{Adaptation}_{i,v} + \underbrace{\gamma X_{i,v}}_{\text{Controls}} + \underbrace{\sum \delta_j C_j}_{\text{Crop Mix Effect}} + \underbrace{\sum \mu_v V_v}_{\text{Village Effect}} + \varepsilon_{i,v}$$

- Our main interest is to obtain an estimate of β
- Issue:
 - Adaptation \rightarrow Food Security
 - Food Security \rightarrow Adaptation
- OLS delivers biased estimates of β

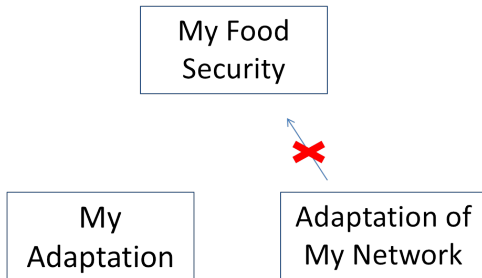
IV Estimation

- Instrumental Variable:
 - A variable that is correlated with Adaptation ...
 - ... but uncorrelated with unobserved determinants of food security
- Our IV: Adaptation level of neighbour networks



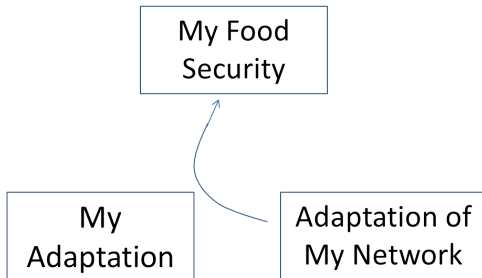
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Two Statistical Tests

① Test of endogeneity

- H_0 : Number of changed practices is exogenous
- Reject null hypothesis that the number of changed practices is exogenous ($p=0.0026$)

② Test of overidentifying restrictions

- Joint H_0 : Instruments are uncorrelated with the error term, and instruments are correctly excluded from the estimated equation
- Fail to reject null hypothesis that our instruments are valid ($p=0.6357$)

Estimates of the Food Security Regression Model

	OLS	GMM/IV
Constant	171.155*** (29.409)	196.077*** (26.676)
Adaptation	1.401** (0.509)	5.520*** (1.672)
ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND HUMAN CAPITAL		
<i>Access to weather information</i>	1.880 (4.511)	-2.787 (4.256)
<i>Membership in farming association(s)</i>	0.383 (3.442)	-1.613 (3.130)
<i>Highest level of education attained is primary</i>	9.172 (5.280)	6.708 (4.823)
<i>Highest level of education attained is secondary</i>	0.973 (5.956)	-0.649 (5.474)
<i>Highest level of education attained is post-secondary</i>	5.889 (7.498)	9.799 (7.413)
FINANCE		
<i>Access to agricultural credit</i>	-0.602 (4.500)	-2.201 (4.462)
<i>Bank account</i>	10.844 (5.558)	11.290* (5.617)
<i>Cash from the government</i>	15.633*** (4.187)	10.271* (4.538)
<i>Income from non-farm employment</i>	-3.152 (3.587)	-4.105 (3.784)
<i>Income from renting out land or machinery</i>	0.710 (3.917)	-0.339 (4.077)

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Estimates of the Food Security Regression Model (cont)

	OLS	GMM/IV
ASSETS		
<i>Count of production-related assets</i>	-1.644 (1.835)	-2.623 (1.941)
<i>Count of nonproduction-related assets</i>	6.679*** (1.600)	5.312** (1.617)
<i>Livestock</i>	9.971 (6.410)	7.881 (5.940)
<i>Motorcycle</i>	-0.566 (4.839)	-2.308 (4.378)
<i>Car or truck</i>	-6.170 (8.055)	-9.442 (7.472)
<i>Boat</i>	25.811 (20.628)	43.812 (27.437)
FARM AND HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS		
<i>Running water</i>	7.563 (6.127)	-6.137 (7.591)
<i>Storage facility for crops</i>	3.756 (4.457)	1.326 (4.869)
<i>Planted trees</i>	-2.257 (3.618)	-3.822 (3.669)
<i>Farm size</i>	7.914*** (2.271)	11.161*** (3.124)
<i>Household size</i>	-0.519* (0.250)	-0.600* (0.236)
<i>Female-headed</i>	-2.507 (5.492)	-4.801 (5.250)

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FARMING AND CRISIS EXPERIENCE		
<i>Farming experience is at least ten years</i>	14.799* (7.390)	10.176 (8.331)
<i>Experienced climate crisis in the last five years</i>	-12.868*** (3.785)	-11.438** (3.657)
STATED REASONS FOR ADAPTATION		
<i>Market conditions</i>	-11.344** (4.169)	-20.408*** (5.702)
<i>Climate variability</i>	9.230* (4.242)	3.304 (5.029)
<i>Pests and disease</i>	-6.039 (4.113)	-12.798** (4.964)
<i>Government/NGO intervention</i>	-4.257 (4.386)	-8.905 (5.529)
<i>Labor availability</i>	-0.152 (3.632)	-6.807 (4.152)
<i>Land productivity</i>	-9.618* (3.837)	-13.536*** (3.898)
F-statistic of the first-stage regression		160.85

Robust standard errors are reported in parentheses.

*** $p < 0.01$, ** $p < 0.05$, * $p < 0.1$

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Summary of Results

- From data: average household has 263 food secure days
- From our estimates (on average):

$$\underbrace{196}_{\text{Baseline}} + \underbrace{50}_{\text{Adaptation}} + \underbrace{3}_{\text{Bank Account}} + \underbrace{2}_{\text{Cash Govt}} + \underbrace{13}_{\text{Nonprod Assets}} + \underbrace{22}_{\text{Farm Size}} = 286 \text{ days}$$

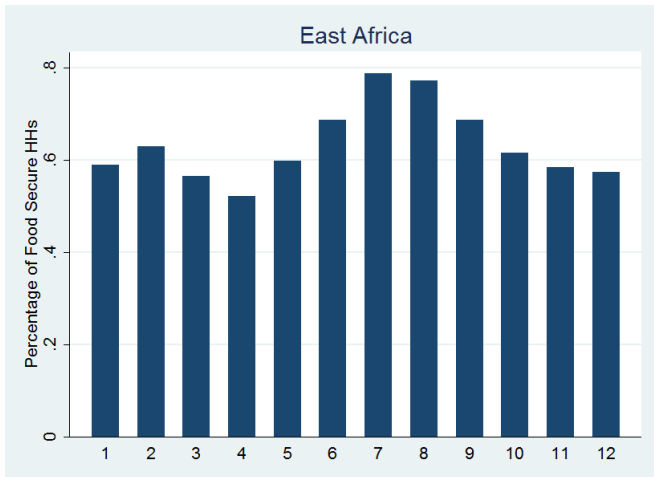
$$- \underbrace{6}_{\text{HH Size}} - \underbrace{8}_{\text{Climate Crisis}} - \underbrace{13}_{\text{Market Conditions}} - \underbrace{3}_{\text{Pests and Diseases}} - \underbrace{6}_{\text{Land Productivity}} = 250 \text{ days}$$



Thank you

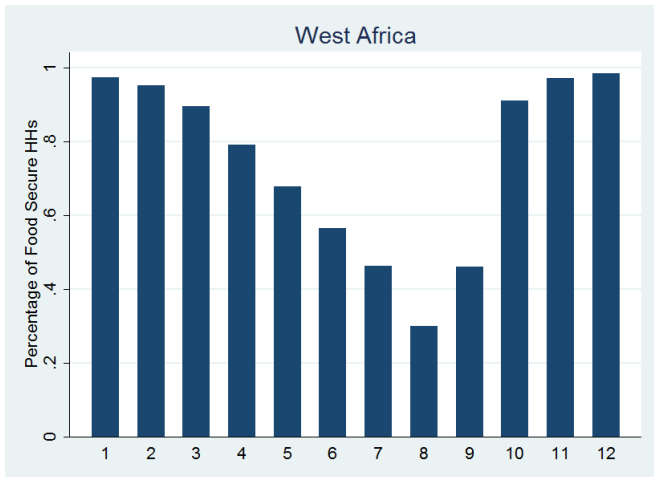
Contact:
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Future Research: look at FS over the year



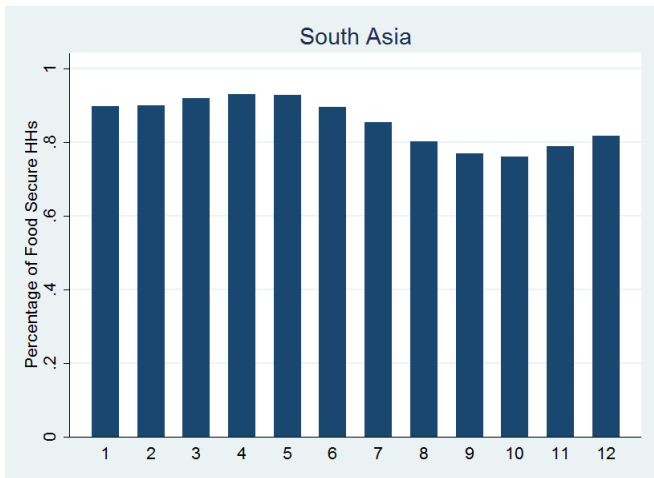
- Average: 65% of HHs are food secure
- Most Vulnerable Month: April

Future Research: look at FS over the year



- Average: 75% of HHs are food secure
- Most Vulnerable Month: August

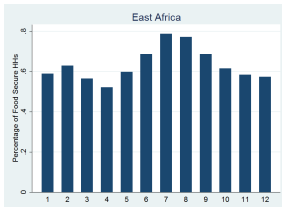
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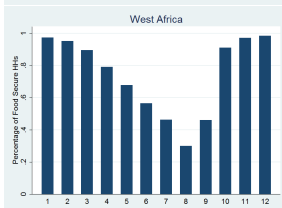
- Average: 85% of HHs are food secure
- Most Vulnerable Month: October

Future Research: Why? Crop? Weather?

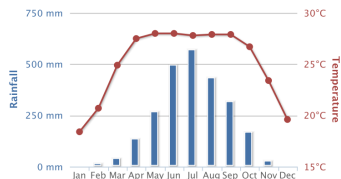
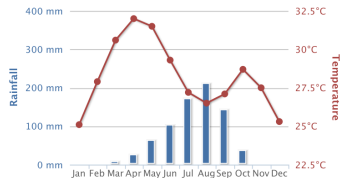
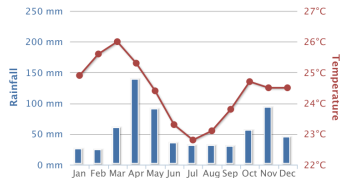
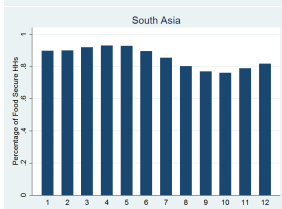
East Africa:
Millet, Cabbage



West Africa:
Sweet Potato, Millet



South Asia:
Rice, Banana



Thank you

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